EasyStrata

# DESCRIPTION

This software-package provides functions to evaluate stratified GWAMA results.

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
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| Date: | 2014-06-15 |

----------------------------------------------------------------------

# INSTALLATION

Please install the R-package EasyStrata using

> install.packages("/path2tarball/EasyStrata\_8.6.tar.gz")

Dependencies: Graphical R-packages "Cairo" and “plotrix”.

----------------------------------------------------------------------

# USAGE

The software can be started using the EasyStrata function from the R command-line. The Function takes the an EasyStrata config/script (ECF-file) file and performs all steps defined in the ECF-file.

Example:

> library(EasyStrata)

> EasyStrata("/path2ecffile/test.ecf")

You can also try running EasyStrata using the implemented example pipelines, by calling:

> example(EasyStrata)

The two implemented examples illustrate the usage of EasyStrata to test for sex difference (example\_pipeline.ecf) and the plotting functionality (example\_plots.ecf). The results will be written to the current working directory. The contained exemplary data are a subset of randomly chosen SNPs from publicly available sex-stratified GWAMA results on Waist-Hip Ratio, provided by the GIANT consortium ([Randall, et al., 2013](#_ENREF_6)).

General Structure of an ecf-file:

####################################################

*<EasyStrata configuration parameters (functions DEFINE and EASYIN)*

START EASYSTRATA

*<EasyStrata scripting interface (EasyStrata functions)>*

STOP EASYSTRATA

####################################################

Each ecf-file takes one set of configuration parameters and one set of scripting function, i.e. START EASYSTRATA and STOP EASYSTRATA may only be used once with an ecf-file. It is not allowed to start over with a different input and pipeline after closing the evaluation with STOP EASYSTRATA.

----------------------------------------------------------------------

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# EASYSTRATA CONFIGURATION

What files should be processed? Where to save the results?

----------------------------------------------------------------------

## DEFINE

Set parameters that will be valid for all input files except if they will be overwritten for any specific file in the EASYIN statement.

**Input:**

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| *PARAMETER* | *DESCRIPTION* |
| --strMissing | Missing value character.  Optional. Default: NA |
| --strSeparator | Column separator.  Optional. Default: WHITESPACE  Please use: [WHITESPACE|COMMA|TAB|SPACE] |
| --acolIn | Array of Input columns.  Optional. By default all columns will be read.  Please use: Column names separated by ‘;’.  This can be used to define the input columns for fast reading, renaming and exclusion of columns. If set, only the columns stated will be read. All columns stated here must be present in the input. The function is case-sensitive. |
| --acolInClasses | Array of Input column classes.  Optional. By default all columns will be read using best guess classes estimated from the first 10 rows of the input.  Please use: [character|numeric|double|integer|logical] separated by ';' respectively for columns defined at --acolIn. |
| --acolNewName | Array of new input columns.  Optional.  Please use: New column names separated by ‘;’ respectively for columns defined at --acolIn.  If set, the column names stated at --acolIn will be renamed to the names stated here. |
| --pathOut | Path to save all output.  Optional. Default: Working directory (getwd()). |

**Example:**

DEFINE --strMissing .

--strSeparator TAB

--acolIn SNP;A1;A2;EAF;P;N

--acolInClasses character;character;character;numeric;numeric;integer

--acolNewName MarkerName;Allele1;Allele2;Freq;pvalue;samplesize

--pathOut /path2outputfolder/out

----------------------------------------------------------------------

## EASYIN

Set the input files.

**Inputs:**

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| *PARAMETER* | *DESCRIPTION* |
| -- fileIn | Path to Input file. |
| -- fileInShortName | Short name of the input file that will be used in logs/reports/plots.  Optional. Default: The filename of the input. |
| -- fileInTag | Set a tag for the input file, e.g. MEN and WOMEN for a men- and a women-specific file respectively. The tag will be added to all input columns, which may be helpful if the input data is supposed to be merged by MERGEEASYIN. |

In addition to these parameters, the DEFINE parameters --strMissing, --strSeparator, --acolIn, --acolInClasses, --acolNewName can be set at EASYIN as well, which will overwrite the DEFINE statement specifically for the specified file.

**Example:**

EASYIN --fileIn /path2input/file1.txt

--fileInShortName FILE1

--fileInTag MEN

# STRATA EVALUATION

----------------------------------------------------------------------

## CALCPDIFF

*Option 1*: Calculate difference between BETAs of two input strata

(for blnCovCorrection = 0)

or

(for blnCovCorrection = 1)

with r being the Spearman rank correlation coefficient for stratum-specific betas across all SNPs ([Randall, et al., 2013](#_ENREF_6)).

*Option 2*: Calculate difference between Z-Scores of two input strata by

.

**Input:**

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| *PARAMETER* | *DESCRIPTION* |
| --acolBETAs | Array of the two effect-size, beta columns. |
| --acolSEs | Array of the two standard error columns. |
| --acolZscores | Array of the two z-score columns. |
| --acolNs | Array of the two N, sample size columns. |
| --blnCovCorrection | Boolean value to define whether a correction to the standard error using the covariance should be applied. Optional. Default: 0. Please use: [0|1]. |
| --colOutPdiff | Name of the added p-value for difference column. Optional. Default: pdiff |

**IMPORTANT**: Either define (--acolBETAs AND --acolSEs) to test for difference between BETAs

OR define (--acolZscores AND --acolNs) to test for difference between z-Scores.

The program will automatically recognize the formula to be applied.

**Example:**

CALCPDIFF --acolBETAs beta.MEN;beta.WOMEN

--acolSEs se.MEN;se.WOMEN

--colOutPdiff psexdiff

CALCPDIFF --acolZscores z.MEN;z.WOMEN

--acolNs N.MEN;N.WOMEN

--colOutPdiff psexdiffZ

**Output:**

Column <colOutPdiff> will be added to the data-set. The column contains the between-strata difference P-Value. If “--blnCovCorrection 1” is defined, the correlation coefficient will be written to the REPORT.

----------------------------------------------------------------------

## CALCPHET

Calculate Cochrane’s heterogeneity P-Value to estimate the heterogeneity between N input strata ([Cochran, 1954](#_ENREF_2)) by

**Input:**

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| *PARAMETER* | *DESCRIPTION* |
| --acolBETAs | Array of N effect-size, beta columns. |
| --acolSEs | Array of N standard error columns. |
| --colOutPhet | Name of the added p-value for between-strata heterogeneity column. Optional. Default: phet |

**Example:**

CALCPHET --acolBETAs beta.YOUNGMEN;beta.OLDMEN;beta.YOUNGWOMEN;beta.OLDWOMEN

--acolSEs se.YOUNGMEN;se.OLDMEN;se.YOUNGWOMEN;se.OLDWOMEN

--colOutPhet phet\_agesex

**Output:**

Column <colOutPhet> will be added to the data-set. The column contains the between-strata heterogeneity P-Value.

----------------------------------------------------------------------

## JOINTTEST

Calculate the joint (main+interaction) effect P-Value from N stratified analyses according to

This method is described in work by Aschard ([Aschard, et al., 2010](#_ENREF_1)).

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| *PARAMETER* | *DESCRIPTION* |
| --acolBETAs | Array of N effect-size, beta columns. |
| --acolSEs | Array of N standard error columns. |
| --colOutPjoint | Name of the added joint-test p-value. Optional. Default: pjoint |

**Example:**

JOINTTEST --acolBETAs beta.YOUNGMEN;beta.OLDMEN;beta.YOUNGWOMEN;beta.OLDWOMEN

--acolSEs se.YOUNGMEN;se.OLDMEN;se.YOUNGWOMEN;se.OLDWOMEN

--colOutPjoint pjoint\_agesex

**Output:**

Column <colOutPjoint> will be added to the data-set. The column contains the N-df joint test P-Value.

----------------------------------------------------------------------

## METAANALYSIS

*Option 1:* Conduct a fixed-effect inverse-variance weighted meta-analysis of N input strata using

, with

([Cox and Hinkley, 1979](#_ENREF_3)).

*Option 2:* Conduct a z-score based sample size weighted meta-analysis of M input strata using

([Willer, et al., 2010](#_ENREF_7)).

**Input:**

|  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- |
| *PARAMETER* | *DESCRIPTION* | |
| --acolBETAs | Array of m effect-size, beta columns. | |
| --acolSEs | Array of m standard error columns. | |
| --acolZscores | | Array of the z-score columns. |
| --acolNs | | Array of the N, sample size columns. |
| --acolA1s | Array of m Allele 1 columns (Effect alleles). | |
| --acolA2s | Array of m Allele 2 columns (Other alleles). | |
| --colOutBeta | Name of the added pooled Beta column. Optional. Default: bmeta | |
| --colOutSe | Name of the added pooled Standard Error column. Optional. Default: semeta | |
| --colOutZscore | Name of the added pooled Z-score column. Optional. Default: zmeta | |
| --colOutN | Name of the added total sample size column. Optional. Default: nmeta | |
| --colOutP | Name of the added pooled P-Value column. Optional. Default: pmeta | |

**IMPORTANT**: Either define (--acolBETAs AND --acolSEs) to for Option 1

OR define (--acolZscores AND --acolNs) for Option 2.

The program will automatically recognize the formula to be applied.

**Example:**

METAANALYSIS --acolBETAs beta.YOUNGMEN;beta.OLDMEN;beta.YOUNGWOMEN;beta.OLDWOMEN

--acolSEs se.YOUNGMEN;se.OLDMEN;se.YOUNGWOMEN;se.OLDWOMEN

--acolA1s A1.YOUNGMEN;A1.OLDMEN;A1.YOUNGWOMEN;A1.OLDWOMEN

--acolA2s A2.YOUNGMEN;A2.OLDMEN;A2.YOUNGWOMEN;A2.OLDWOMEN

--colOutBeta betaOverall

--colOutSe seOverall

--colOutP pOverall

METAANALYSIS --acolZscores z.YOUNGMEN;z.OLDMEN;z.YOUNGWOMEN;z.OLDWOMEN

--acolNs N.YOUNGMEN;N.OLDMEN;N.YOUNGWOMEN;N.OLDWOMEN

--acolA1s A1.YOUNGMEN;A1.OLDMEN;A1.YOUNGWOMEN;A1.OLDWOMEN

--acolA2s A2.YOUNGMEN;A2.OLDMEN;A2.YOUNGWOMEN;A2.OLDWOMEN

--colOutZscore zOverall

--colOutN nOverall

--colOutP pOverall

**Output:**

Columns <colOutBeta>,<colOutSe> (or <colOutZscore>, <colOutN>) and <colOutP> will be added to the data-set. These columns contain the pooled (strata-combined) overall effect, standard error and P-Value respectively.

# PLOTTING FUNCTIONS

----------------------------------------------------------------------

## MHPLOT

Create a Manhattan plot.

**Input:**

|  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- |
| *PARAMETER* | *DESCRIPTION* | |
| -- colInChr | Chromosome column that will be used to generate the x-axis. Required. | | |
| -- colInPos | Base position column that will be used to generate the x-axis. Required. | | |
| -- colMHPlot | P-Value column that will be plotted on the y-Axis. Required. | | |
| --astrDefaultColourChr | Array of length two. Defines the changing chromosome colours.  Optional. Default: gray51;gray66 | | |
| --blnLogPval | Boolean value to define whether plotted data is (-log)-transformed.  Optional. Default: 0 (not log-transformed; expects values in [0,1]). | | |
| --numPvalOffset | Numeric value. To increase the plotting speed, all SNPs with P-Values > numPvalOffset will be omitted from the plot. Optional. | | |
| --blnYAxisBreak | Boolean value to define whether the y-Axis should be rescaled at the threshold --numYAxisBreak. If set, all plot values > numYAxisBreak will be linearly fitted into the upper 20% of the graphing area and all other values < numYAxisBreak will be linearly fitted into the lower 80% of the graphing area.  Optional. Default: 0. | | |
| --numYAxisBreak | Numeric value at which the y-axis will be rescaled (if blnYAxisBreak=1).  Optional. Default: 22 | | |
| ***Locus highlighting:*** | | | |
| --fileAnnot | If set, the loci defined by the SNPs included in fileAnnot will be highlighted using the colour stated in fileAnnot. The fileAnnot must contain columns ‘Chr’, ‘Pos’ and ‘Colour’ and contain the (centered) Top SNPs of the regions in rows. A locus is defined as +/- numAnnotPosLim. | | |
| --numAnnotPosLim | The position threshold to define a locus around the SNPs stated in fileAnnot in bp. Optional. Default: 500000 | | |
| --numAnnotPvalLim | The P-Value threshold for highlighting loci defined by fileAnnot. If set, only loci that contain at least one SNP with P-Value < numAnnotPvalLim will be highlighted. Optional. Default: 1 | | |
| ***Horizontal Lines:*** | | | |
| --anumAddPvalLine | Array of P-Values, for which a horizontal line will be drawn. Optional. Default: 5e-8 | | |
| --astrAddPvalLineCol | Array of colours that will be used for the lines defined in anumAddPvalLine respectively. Optional. Default: red | | |
| --anumAddPvalLineLty | Array of integer line types (refers to R-plot parameter lty) that will be used for the lines defined in anumAddPvalLine respectively. Optional. Default: 6 | | |
| ***Other graphic parameters:*** |  | | |
| --strPlotName mh  --numWidth 1600  --numHeight 600  --anumParMar 7;6;4;10  --numCexAxis 1.5  --numCexLab 2  --numDefaultSymbol 19  --numDefaultCex 0.4  --arcdColourCrit,--astrColour,  --arcdSymbolCrit, --anumSymbol  --arcdCexCrit, --anumCex  --anumParMgp, --strParBty  --strFormat | | Inherited SPLOT parameters. Can be used to influence graphical presentation. See SPLOT for a more detailed description.  Parameter values given are amended default values. | |

**Example:**

MHPLOT --colMHPlot Pvalue

--colInChr CHR

--colInPos POS

--numPvalOffset 0.05

--blnYAxisBreak 1

--numYAxisBreak 22

--fileAnnot /path2annotfile/Loci2Annot.txt

--numAnnotPosLim 500000

--numAnnotPvalLim 5e-8

--anumAddPvalLine 1e-5;5e-8

--astrAddPvalLineCol orange;red

--anumAddPvalLineLty 6;6

**Output:**

The input data set remains unchanged.

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| *FILE OUTPUTS* | *DESCRIPTION* |
| \*.mh.[png|pdf] | Manhattan plot. |

----------------------------------------------------------------------

## MIAMIPLOT

Create a Miami plot.

**Input:**

|  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- |
| *PARAMETER* | *DESCRIPTION* | |
| -- colInChr | Chromosome column that will be used to generate the x-axis. Required. | | |
| -- colInPos | Base position column that will be used to generate the x-axis. Required. | | |
| -- colMIAMIPlotUp | Column that will be plotted on the upper side of the y-Axis. Required. | | |
| -- colMIAMIPlotDown | Column that will be plotted on the lower side of the y-Axis. Required. | | |
| --astrDefaultColourChrUp | Array of length two. Defines the changing chromosome colours on the upper side.  Optional. Default: gray51;gray66 | | |
| --astrDefaultColourChrDown | Array of length two. Defines the changing chromosome colours on the lower side.  Optional. Default: gray51;gray66 | | |
| --blnLogPval | Boolean value to define whether plotted data is log-transformed.  Optional. Default: 0 (not log transformed). | | |
| --numPvalOffset | Numeric value. To increase the plotting speed, all SNPs with P-Values > numPvalOffset will be omitted from the plot.  Optional. Default=1. | | |
| --blnYAxisBreak | Boolean value to define whether the y-Axis should be rescaled at a certain threshold.  Optional. Default: 0. | | |
| --numYAxisBreak | Numeric value at which the y-axis will be rescaled (if blnYAxisBreak=1).  Optional. Default: 22 | | |
| ***Locus highlighting:*** | | | |
| --fileAnnot | If set, the loci defined by the SNPs included in fileAnnot will be highlighted using the colour stated in fileAnnot. The fileAnnot must contain columns ‘Chr’, ‘Pos’ and ‘Colour’ and contain the (centered) Top SNPs of the regions in rows. A locus is defined as +/- numAnnotPosLim. | | |
| --numAnnotPosLim | The position threshold to define a locus around the SNPs stated in fileAnnot in bp. Optional. Default: 500000 | | |
| --numAnnotPvalLim | The P-Value threshold for highlighting loci defined by fileAnnot. If set, only loci that contain at least one SNP with P-Value < numAnnotPvalLim will be highlighted. Optional. Default: 1 | | |
| ***Horizontal Lines:*** | | | |
| --anumAddPvalLine | Array of P-Values, for which a horizontal line will be drawn. Optional. | | |
| --astrAddPvalLineCol | Array of colours that will be used for the lines defined in anumAddPvalLine respectively. Optional. | | |
| --anumAddPvalLineLty | Array of integer line types (refers to R-plot parameter lty) that will be used for the lines defined in anumAddPvalLine respectively. Optional. | | |
| ***Other graphic parameters:*** | | | |
| --strPlotName miami  --strFormat png  --numWidth 1600  --numHeight 800  --anumParMar 7;6;4;10  --numCexAxis 1.5  --numCexLab 2  --numDefaultSymbol 19  --numDefaultCex 0.4  --arcdColourCritUp, --astrColourUp,  --arcdSymbolCritUp,--anumSymbolUp  --arcdCexCritUp, --anumCexUp  --arcdColourCritDown,  --astrColourDown,  --arcdSymbolCritDown,  --anumSymbolDown  --arcdCexCritDown, --anumCexDown  --anumParMgp, --strParBty | | Inherited SPLOT parameters. Can be used to influence graphical presentation. See SPLOT for a more detailed description.  Parameter values given are amended default values.  Parameters ‘\*CritUp’ refer to the upper half of the plot.  Parameters ‘\*CritDown’ refer to the upper half of the plot.  Please see the ‘\*Crit’ parameters of SPLOT for a more detailed description. | |

**Example:**

MIAMIPLOT --colMIAMIPlotUp pWomen

--colMIAMIPlotDown pMen

--colInChr CHR

--colInPos POS

--astrDefaultColourChrUp gray;red

--astrDefaultColourChrDown gray;blue

--numPvalOffset 0.05

--blnYAxisBreak 1

--numYAxisBreak 22

--fileAnnot /path2annotfile/Loci2Annot.txt

--numAnnotPosLim 500000

--numAnnotPvalLim 5e-8

--anumAddPvalLine 1e-5;5e-8

--astrAddPvalLineCol orange;red

--anumAddPvalLineLty 6;6

**Output:**

The input data set remains unchanged.

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| *FILE OUTPUTS* | *DESCRIPTION* |
| \*.miami.[png|pdf] | Miami plot. |

----------------------------------------------------------------------

## QQPLOT

Create QQ plot.

**Input:**

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| *PARAMETER* | *DESCRIPTION* |
| -- acolQQPlot | Array of P-Value columns that will be plotted into one graph. Please use: P-Value column names separated by ‘;’. | |
| -- astrColour | Array of colours, used respectively for --acolQQPlot. Optional. Default: black. Please use: Any R-colour names or hexadecimal nomenclature (e.g. #FF0000 for red), separated by ‘;’ | |
| -- numPvalOffset | Numeric value. To increase the plotting speed, all SNPs with P-Values > numPvalOffset will be omitted from the plot. Optional. Default=1. | |
| --blnYAxisBreak | Boolean value to define whether the y-Axis should be rescaled at the threshold --numYAxisBreak. If set, all plot values > numYAxisBreak will be linearly fitted into the upper 20% of the graphing area and all other values < numYAxisBreak will be linearly fitted into the lower 80% of the graphing area. Optional. Default: 0. | |
| --numYAxisBreak | Numeric value at which the y-axis will be rescaled (if blnYAxisBreak=1). Optional. Default: 22 | |
| --blnLogPval | Boolean value to define whether the defined P-Value columns have already been (-log)-transformed. Optional. Default: 0 (expects P-Values in [0,1]) | |
| --blnPlotCI | Boolean value to define whether confidence bounds should be added to the plot. Please note that confidence bounds will be calculated for the first stated P-Value in acolQQPLot. Optional. Default: 0 | |
| --anumSymbol | Array of symbol integers, used respectively for --acolQQPlot. Optional. Default: 20. Please use: Any R-symbol integer (refers to the R plot parameter pch), separated by ‘;’ | |
| --anumCex | Array of symbol size magnification, used respectively for --acolQQPlot. Optional.  Default: 1  Please use: Any R-symbol magnification (refers to the R plot parameter cex), separated by ‘;’ | |
| --blnCombined | Boolean value to define whether a combined line (QQPLOT of all acolQQPlot variables combined) should be added to the graph. Optional. Default: 0. Please use: [0|1]. | |
| --arcdExclude | Array of logical R-code criterions (separated by ;), used to remove SNPs from the plotting. Optional. | |
| --arcdAdd2Plot | Array (separated by ';') of R - plotting functions (e.g. abline), that will be evaluated after the plot command. This can be used to add user-defined lines, points or text to the figure. Optional. | |
| --fileRemove | If defined, an additional QQ-curve will be plotted only showing SNPs that lie >numRemovePosLim apart (in bp) from any region as defined in fileRemove. The fileRemove must contain columns ‘Chr’ and ‘Pos’ and the centered SNPs of the regions. | |
| --numRemovePosLim | The position threshold in bp. Optional. Default: 500000 | |
| --strRemovedColour | Colour of the additional curve that excluded the loci defined in fileRemove. Optional.  Default: green | |
| --numRemovedSymbol | Symbol of the additional curve that excluded the loci defined in fileRemove. Optional.  Default: 20 | |
| --numRemovedCex | Symbol size of the additional curve that excluded the loci defined in fileRemove. Optional. Default: 1 | |
| --colInChr | Column of the input that contains information about chromosome. If fileRemove is defined, this column is requested. | |
| --colInPos | Column of the input that contains information about position. If fileRemove is defined, this column is requested. | |
| ***Other graphic parameters:*** | | |
| --strMode, --strFormat,  --strAxes, --strXlab, --strYlab, --strTitle, --arcdAdd2Plot,  --strPlotName, --numCexAxis  --numCexLab, --numWidth,  --numHeight, --anumParMar,  --anumParMgp, --strParBty,  --numParLas | Inherited SPLOT parameters. Can be used to influence graphical presentation. See SPLOT for a more detailed description. | |

**Example:**

QQPLOT --acolQQPlot Pmen;Pwomen

--astrColour blue;red

--anumSymbol 0;1

--numPvalOffset 0.05

**Output:**

The input data set remains unchanged.

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| *FILE OUTPUTS* | *DESCRIPTION* |
| \*.qq.[png|pdf] | QQ plot. |

----------------------------------------------------------------------

## RPLOT

Create a scatterplot of columns in the REPORT file.

**Input:**

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| *PARAMETER* | *DESCRIPTION* |
| -- rcdRPlotX | R-Code expression to define the x-values. | |
| -- rcdRPlotY | R-Code expression to define the y-values. | |
| *Other graphic parameters:* | | |
| --strDefaultColour, --arcdColourCrit, --astrColour  --numDefaultSymbol, --arcdSymbolCrit, --anumSymbol  --numDefaultCex, --arcdCexCrit, --anumCex  --strAxes, --strXlab, --strYlab, --strTitle, --arcdAdd2Plot  --blnGrid, --strMode, --strPlotName, --strFormat  --numCexAxis, --numCexLab, --numWidth, --numHeight  --anumParMar, --anumParMgp, --strParBty | Inherited SPLOT parameters. Can be used to influence graphical presentation. See SPLOT for a more detailed description. | |

**Example:**

RPLOT --rcdRPlotX maxSampleSize

--rcdRPlotY GClambda

--strAxes zeroequal

--arcdAdd2Plot abline(h=1,col=’red’)

**Output:**

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| *FILE OUTPUTS* | *DESCRIPTION* |
| \*.rplot.[png|pdf] | Report plot. |

----------------------------------------------------------------------

## SPLOT

Create a scatterplot of columns in the GWA data-set.

**Input:**

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| *PARAMETER* | *DESCRIPTION* |
| --rcdSPlotX | R-Code expression to define the x-values. | |
| --rcdSPlotY | R-Code expression to define the y-values. | |
| *Colouring parameters:* | | |
| --strDefaultColour | Default colour for the SNPs plotted. Any R-Colours are available. Also the hexadecimal nomenclature can be used: (e.g. #FF0000 for red). Optional. Default: black | |
| --arcdColourCrit | Array of logical R-code criterions (separated by ;), used to distinguish colouring of the SNPs drawn. This overwrites the default colour for the SNPs that match the criterion.Optional. | |
| --astrColour | Array of colours (separated by ;) to be used for arcdSPlotColourCrit respectively. Optional. | |
| *Symbol parameters:* | | |
| --numDefaultSymbol | Default R-Symbol for the SNPs plotted. Any R-Symbol integers are available (refers to the R plot parameter pch). Optional. Default: 20 | |
| --arcdSymbolCrit | Array of logical R-code criterions (separated by ;), used to distinguish symbols of the SNPs drawn. This overwrites the default symbol for the SNPs that match the criterion. Optional. | |
| --anumSymbol | Array of symbols (separated by ;) to be used for arcdSPlotSymbolCrit respectively. Optional. | |
| *Symbolsize parameters:* | | |
| --numDefaultCex | Default Symbol size for the SNPs plotted. Any R Symbol size is available (refers to the R plot parameter cex). Optional. Default: 1 | |
| --arcdCexCrit | Array of logical R-code criterions (separated by ;), used to distinguish symbol sizes of the SNPs drawn. This overwrites the default symbol size for the SNPs that match the criterion.Optional. | |
| --anumCex | Array of symbol sizes (separated by ;) to be used for arcdSPlotCexCrit respectively.Optional. | |
| *Confidence intervals:* | | |
| --blnPlotCI | Boolean value to define whether confidence bounds should be drawn to the points depicted. Default: 0 | |
| --rcdCIlengthX | R-Code expression to define the length of confidence interval (to either side) into x-direction. For example this could be set to 1.96\*SE with SE being the standard error of a plotted BETA value on the x-axis. | |
| --rcdCIlengthY | R-Code expression to define the length of confidence interval (to either side) into y-direction. For example this could be set to 1.96\*SE with SE being the standard error of a plotted BETA value on the y-axis. | |
| --strCIColour | Sting to indicate colour of the drawn confidence arrows. Default: ‘grey’ | |
| *General plotting parameters:* | | |
| --strAxes | X-/Y-axes alignment. Define plotting thresholds for x-axis [x0,x1] and y-axis [y0,y1].  Optional. Default: lim(NULL,NULL,NULL,NULL)  Please use: [equal|4quad|4quadequal|zeroequal|lim(x0,x1,y0,y1)]   1. equal: Same x- and y-axis limits: x0=y0 and x1=y1 2. 4quad: All 4 quadrants will be drawn: x0=-x1 and y0=-y1 3. 4quadequal: All 4 quadrants will be drawn with the same x- and y-axis limits: x-axes limits == y-axes limits with lim=max(abs(x),abs(y)) 4. zeroequal: x0=y0=0 and x1=y1=max(x,y) 5. lim(x0,x1,y0,y1): Define x- and y-axes limits (use NULL for default value) | |
| --strXlab | X-axis label. Optional. Default: <rcdSPlotX> | |
| --strYlab | Y-axis label. Optional. Default: <rcdSPlotY> | |
| --strTitle | Plot title. Optional. Default: '' | |
| --arcdAdd2Plot | Array (separated by ';') of R - plotting functions that will be evaluated after the plot command. This can be used to add user-defined lines, points or text to the figure. | |
| --blnGrid | Boolean value to define whether grid lines should be drawn on the plot. Optional. Default: 1 | |
| --strMode | Set the plotting mode. A singleplot means that one image file will be created for each input. A subplot means that all graphs will be combined to a single png file (arranging the single graphs in rows/columns). Optional. Default: singleplot. Please use: [singleplot|subplot] | |
| --strPlotName | String to define a name for the plot. This will be added to the output file name thus can be used to distinguish images in the output folder. Optional. Default: sp | |
| --strFormat | Set the image file format, pdf or png. Optional. Default: png; Please use: [png|pdf] | |
| --numCexAxis | Size of the axis, refers to R plot parameter cex.axis. Optional. Default: 1 | |
| --numCexLab | Size of the axis labels, refers to R plot parameter cex.lab. Optional. Default: 1 | |
| --numWidth | Width of the plot in pixel. Optional. Default: 640 (6 for pdf) | |
| --numHeight | Height of the plot in pixel. Optional. Default: 640 (6 for pdf) | |
| --anumParMar | Numerical vector of the form 'c(bottom, left, top, right)' which gives the number of lines of margin to be specified on the four sides of the plot. This refers to the R plot parameter ‘mar’.  Optional. Default: 'c(5, 4, 4, 2) +0.1' | |
| --anumParMgp | The margin line (in 'mex' units) for the axis title, axis labels and axis line. Note that 'mgp[1]' affects 'title' whereas 'mgp[2:3]' affect 'axis'. This refers to the R plot parameter ‘mgp’.  Optional. Default: 'c(3, 1, 0) ' | |
| --strParBty | A character string which determined the type of 'box' which is drawn about plots. If 'bty' is one of '"o"' (the default), '"l"', '"7"', '"c"', '"u"', or '"]"' the resulting box resembles the corresponding upper case letter. A value of '"n"' suppresses the box. This refers to the R plot parameter ‘bty’.  Optional. Default: 'o’ | |
| --numParLas | Numerical value indicating the alignment of axis labels. This refers to the R plot parameter ‘las’.  Optional. Default: 0 (always parallel to the axis) | |

**Example:**

SPLOT --rcdSPlotX Freq

--rcdSPlotY -log10(Pvalue)

--strDefaultColour black

--numDefaultSymbol 20

--arcdColourCrit N<110000;N<80000

--astrColour purple;red

--arcdSymbolCrit (Freq<=0.05|Freq>=0.95);(Freq<=0.01|Freq>=0.99)

--anumSymbol 0;1

--strAxes lim(0,NULL,0,NULL)

--strTitle PoverFreq

--arcdAdd2Plot abline(v=0.05);abline(v=0.95);abline(h=-log10(5e-8))

**Output:**

The input data set remains unchanged.

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| *FILE OUTPUTS* | *DESCRIPTION* |
| \*.sp.[png|pdf] | Report plot. |

# MULTIPLE TESTING

----------------------------------------------------------------------

## FDR

Calculates the Benjamini-Hochberg or the Benjamin-Yekutieli false discovery rate.

**Input:**

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| *PARAMETER* | *DESCRIPTION* |
| --colPval | P-Value column of the input data set that will be used for the correction. Required |
| --strFdrMethod | This defines the method that is used to control the False-Discovery-Rate and can either be set to ‘BH’ (Benjamini-Hochberg) or ‘BY’ (Benjamin-Yekutieli). This refers to the ‘method’ parameter of the R-function p.adjust(…).  Optional. Default: BH |
| --colOut | Name of the added column that contains the respective FDR values. Optional. Default: <colPval>.< strFdrMethod> |

**Example:**

FDR --colPval P

--strFdrMethod BH

**Output:**

Column called <colPval>.<strFdrMethod>, e.g. ‘P.BH’, will be added to the data-set. This column contains the FDR corrected P-Values.

----------------------------------------------------------------------

## BONFERRONI

Calculates the Bonferroni-corrected P-Values ([Johnson, et al., 2010](#_ENREF_4)).

**Input:**

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| *PARAMETER* | *DESCRIPTION* |
| --colPval | P-Value column of the input data set that will be used for the correction. Required |
| --numIndepTest | Number of independent test that will be used for the correction. Optional. Default: 1000000 (commonly-used genome-wide significance level). |
| --blnUseLengthPval | Boolean value to define whether the number of SNPs in the input should be used for the correction instead of --numnIndepTest. Optional. Default: 0. |
| --colOut | Name of the added column that contains the respective FDR values. Optional. Default: <colPval>.bonf |

**Example:**

BONFERRONI --colPval P

--numIndepTest 5000

--blnUseLengthPval 0

**Output:**

Column called <colPval>.bonf, e.g. ‘P.bonf’, will be added to the data-set. This column contains the Bonferroni-corrected P-Values.

# INDEPENDENTIZATION

----------------------------------------------------------------------

## CLUMP

Extracts clumped (independentized) list of SNPs according to a criterion on physical distance, LD or a combination of both. The EasyStrata CLUMP function is a wrapper for PLINK’s clumping functionality ([Purcell, et al., 2007](#_ENREF_5)).

**Input:**

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| *PARAMETER* | *DESCRIPTION* |
| --rcdCriterion | Criterion that pre-defines SNPs to be passed to PLINK for clumping. Optional. Default: All SNPs will be used. Please note that numPvalLim also defines a P-Value threshold for the clumping. Using --rcdCriterion P<5e-8 with --numPvalLim 5e-8 is obsolete. | |
| --colInMarker | SNP column name of the input. Will be used for merging. Required. | |
| --colClump | Column that will be used for clumping. This will be used for the PLINK parameter ‘--clump-field’. Required. | |
| --numPvalLim | P-Value threshold for the clumping. This will be used for both PLINK parameters ‘--clump-p1’ and ‘--clump-p2’. Optional. Default: 5e-8 | |
| --numPosLim | Physical position threshold for the clumping in bp. This will be converted to kb (numPosLim/1000) and used for the PLINK parameter ‘--clump-kb’. Optional. Default: 500000 | |
| --numR2Lim | LD threshold for the clumping. This will be used for the PLINK parameter ‘--clump-r2’. Optional. Default: 0.2 | |
| --filePLINK | Path to the PLINK software executable. Required | |
| --fileBfile | Path to the reference file that defines physical positions and is used for the calculation of r2. This will be used for the PLINK parameter ‘--bfile’. Required. | |
| --blnAddClumpInfo | Boolean value. If set to 1 (TRUE), compiled columns ‘aLociTag’ and ‘aTopHit’ will be added to the larger input data set. All SNPs outlying the clumped regions will carry NAs. Optional. Default: 0; Please use: [0|1] | |
| --strTag | Optional. Tag for the function step that will be added to related variables in the REPORT and to names of related files in the output. | |

**Example:**

CLUMP --rcdCriterion Pval<5e-8

--colInMarker SNP

--colClump Pval

--numPvalLim 5e-8

--numPosLim 500000

--numR2Lim 0.2

--filePLINK /path2plink/plink

--fileBfile /path2bfile/1000G\_hg18\_2009

--strTag d500kb\_r202

**Output:**

If **--**blnAddClumpInfo 1, the output data set will carry additional columns *aLociTag* and *aTopHit* that carry information about the independentized loci. All SNPs that neither meet the clumping criterion nor belong to any defined independent clumped locus, carry NA.

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| *REPORT VARIABLES* | *DESCRIPTIPON* |
| numClumpCrit | Number of SNPs that meet the criterion rcdCriterion, i.e. are used for the clumping. |
| numClumpNA | Number of SNPs that have missing colClump. |
| numClumpLoci | Number of independent ‘clumped’ loci. |

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| *FILE OUTPUTS* | *DESCRIPTION* |
| \*.clump.txt | This file is a subset of the gwadata and contains all SNPs that passed the clumping criterion. Additionally it contains column ‘aLociTag’ that can be used to distinguish between independent clumped loci (each number represents an independent locus) ; and column ‘aTopHit’ that can be used to identify the top hit (most significant SNP) of the respective locus (all other SNPs are set to NA). |
| \*.clumpX.txt | This file is a subset of \*.clump.txt and only contains the independent top hits (most significant SNPs per locus). |
| \*.clump\_nomatch.txt | This file contains SNPs from the input that cannot be matched to --fileBfile, i.e. are not present in --fileBfile and this are not used for the clumping. The file is only written if mismatches exist. |

If --strTag is defined, the strTag string value will be pasted to the report variable names and to the output filenames.

----------------------------------------------------------------------

## INDEP

Extracts independentized SNPs according to a physical distance criterion.

**Inputs:**

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| *PARAMETER* | *DESCRIPTION* |
| --rcdCriterion | Criterion that defines SNPs to be used for independentisation. Required |
| --colIndep | Column that will be used for independentisation. Required |
| --blnIndepMin | Direction for independentisation. If TRUE, minimum of colIndep per locus will become the Top SNP. Optional. Default: 1. Use: [0|1] |
| --colInChr | Chromosome column. Required |
| --colInPos | Position column. Required |
| --numPosLim | Position limit to define locus. Locus = +/- numPosLim. Optional. Default: 500000 |
| --blnAddIndepInfo | Boolean value. If set to 1 (TRUE), compiled columns ‘aLociTag’ and ‘aTopHit’ will be added to the larger input data set. All SNPs outlying the clumped regions will carry NAs. Optional. Default: 0; Please use: [0|1] |
| --blnStepDown | Boolean value. If set to 1 (TRUE), a step-down procedure will be used to define loci. In this case, overlapping loci are combined into a single ‘wider’ (> 2\*numPosLim bp) locus that uses (i) as Top SNP the SNP with the lowest P across the overlapping loci; and (ii) as Locus Number the number of the new Top SNP. If set to 0 (FALSE), all defined loci will at maximum be 2\* numPosLim bp wide (TopSNP +/- numPosLim).  Optional. Default: 0; Please use: [0|1] |
| --strTag | Optional. Tag for the function step that will be added to related variables in the REPORT and to names of related files in the output. |

**Example:**

INDEP --rcdCriterion P<1e-5

--colIndep P

--blnIndepMin 1

--colInChr Chromosome

--colInPos Position

--numPosLim 500000

--blnAddIndepInfo 0

--blnStepDown 0

**Output:**

If **--**blnAddIndepInfo 1, the output data set will carry additional columns *aLociTag* and *aTopHit* that carry information about the independentized loci. All SNPs that neither meet the independentization criterion nor belong to any defined independent locus, carry NA.

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| *REPORT VARIABLES* | *DESCRIPTIPON* |
| numIndepCrit | Number of SNPs that meet the criterion rcdCriterion, i.e. are used for the independentization. |
| numIndepNA | Number of SNPs that have missing colIndep. |
| numIndepLoci | Number of independent loci. |

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| *FILE OUTPUTS* | *DESCRIPTION* |
| \*.indep.txt | This file is a subset of the gwadata and contains all SNPs that passed the independentization criterion.  The INDEP output contains column   * ‘aLociTag’ that can be used to distinguish between independent loci (each number represents an independent locus); * ‘aTopHit’ that can be used to identify the top hit (most significant SNP) of the respective locus (all other SNPs are set to NA) * ‘aNumLocusSNPs’ that contains the number of SNPs (meeting   --rcdCriterion) pertaining to the respective locus |
| \*.indepX.txt | This file is a subset of \*.indep.txt and only contains the independent top hits (most significant SNPs per locus). |

If --strTag is defined, the strTag string value will be pasted to the report variable names and to the output filenames.

# GENOMIC CONTROL

----------------------------------------------------------------------

## GC

Genomic control correction. The GC Lambda can be calculated from all SNPs or from a subset of SNPs (see –fileGcSnps); will be written to the report; and can optionally be applied to the data set (see --blnSuppressCorrection).

**Input:**

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| *PARAMETER* | *DESCRIPTION* |
| --colPval | Define P-Value column that will be used for calculating the GC lambda and for the correction. |
| --colSE | If defined, this Standard error column will be corrected as well. |
| --numLambda | If defined, this lambda will be used for performing the correction. Optional. Default: NA (causes EasyStrata to calculate the lambda from the specified colPval) |
| --fileGcSnps | If defined, only SNPs from this file will be used for calculating the lambda. Optional. Default: NA (causes EasyStrata to calculate the lambda from the full list of input SNPs) |
| --colGcSnpsMarker | If fileGcSnps is defined, please define here the Marker column name of the file. Optional. Default: NA (only required if fileGcSnps is specified) |
| --blnSuppressCorrection | Boolean value. If set to 1 (TRUE), the GC lambda will be calculated, but the actual correction will not be performed.  If set to 0 (FALSE), the GC lambda will be calculated and the colPval and colSE (if specified) will be corrected. New columns with the suffix ".GC" will be added to the GWA data set. Optional. Default: 0; Please use: [0|1] |
| --colInMarker | If fileGcSnps is defined, please define here the Marker column name of the input. Required (if fileGcSnps is set). |
| --strTag | Optional. Tag for the function step that will be added to related variables in the REPORT. |

**Example:**

GC --colPval P

--colSE SE

--fileGcSnps /home/gcfile.txt

--colGcSnpsMarker MarkerNameOfFileGcSnps

--blnSuppressCorrection 0

--colInMarker MarkerName

--strTag preQC

In this example the lambda will be calculated on column P for all SNPs specified in fileGcSnps. Afterwards column P and SE will be GC-corrected using the estimated lambda and 2 new columns P.GC and SE.GC will be added to the input data set.

**Output:**

If **--**blnSuppressCorrection 0, the output data set will carry additional columns <colPval>.GC and (if --colSE defined) <colSE>.GC.

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| *REPORT VARIABLES* | *DESCRIPTIPON* |
| Lambda.<colPval>.GC | GC lambda. |

# DATA EXTRACTION

----------------------------------------------------------------------

## CALCULATE

Calculate values from input. Result will be written to the REPORT variable defined in --strCalcName and can be used by RPLOT subsequently.

**Input:**

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| *PARAMETER* | *DESCRIPTION* |
| --rcdCalc | R-Code expression to calculate the value.  Needs to return a single value. |
| --strCalcName | Name of the REPORT variable to save the calculated value. |

**Example:**

CALCULATE --rcdCalc 2/median(SE,na.rm=T)

--strCalcName num2overMedianSE

**Output:**

The input data-set remains unchanged.

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| *REPORT VARIABLES* | *DESCRIPTIPON* |
| <strCalcName> | The calculated value. |

----------------------------------------------------------------------

## CRITERION

Apply criterion to gwadata. SNPs that match the criterion will be written in a unique file in the output folder. The GWA data set remains unchanged. This is only to extract SNPs that match a specific criterion.

In addition the number of matches will be written into the report.

**Input:**

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| *PARAMETER* | *DESCRIPTION* |
| --rcdCrit | R-Code expression to define the criterion SNPs.  Needs to return an array of Boolean values. TRUE value rows will be written to separate file in pathOut and number of matches will be written to the report. |
| --strCritName | Name of the REPORT variable to save the number of SNPs that fulfill the criterion. |

**Example:**

CRITERION --rcdCrit P<=5e-8

--strCritName numSNP\_gws

**Output:**

The input data-set remains unchanged.

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| *REPORT VARIABLES* | *DESCRIPTIPON* |
| <strCritName> | Number of SNPs that match the criterion. |

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| *FILE OUTPUTS* | *DESCRIPTION* |
| \*.<strCritName>.txt | This file is a subset of the gwadata and contains all SNPs that match the defined criterion. |

----------------------------------------------------------------------

## EVALSTAT

Calculate descriptive statistics. Number of values, number of missing values, minimum, maximum, median, 25th percentile, 75 percentile, mean and standard deviation will be written to the REPORT.

**Input:**

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| *PARAMETER* | *DESCRIPTION* |
| --colStat | Evaluated column. Requested. |
| --strTag | Optional. Tag for the function step that will be added to related variables in the REPORT. Default: ‘’ |

**Example:**

EVALSTAT --colStat P

--strTag preQC

**Output:**

The input data-set remains unchanged.

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| *REPORT VARIABLES* | *DESCRIPTIPON* |
| <strTag>.<colStat>\_num | Number of SNPs tested. |
| <strTag>.<colStat>\_NA | Number of SNPs with missing values. |
| <strTag>.<colStat>\_min | Minimum value. |
| <strTag>.<colStat>\_max | Maximum value. |
| <strTag>.<colStat>\_median | Median. |
| <strTag>.<colStat>\_p25 | 25th percentile. |
| <strTag>.<colStat>\_p75 | 75th percntile. |
| <strTag>.<colStat>\_mean | Mean value. |
| <strTag>.<colStat>\_sd | Standard devialtion. |

----------------------------------------------------------------------

## EXTRACTSNPS

Extract set of SNPs from the input data-set.

**Input:**

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| *PARAMETER* | *DESCRIPTION* |
| --colInMarker | SNP column name of the input. Will be used for extraction. |
| --fileRef | Path to the reference data including SNPs that will be extracted. |
| --colRefMarker | SNP column name of the reference. Will be used for extaction. |
| --strTag | Tag for the function step that will be added to related variables in the REPORT (e.g. number of SNPs Not in Ref) and to related output (e.g. files written by --blnWriteNotInRef 1) to ensure unique and easily recognizable file names and REPORT variable names. |

**Example:**

EXTRACTSNPS --colInMarker MarkerName

--fileRef /test/snps2extract.txt

--colRefMarker rsID

--strTag KnownSnps

**Output:**

The input data set remains unchanged.

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| *REPORT VARIABLES* | *DESCRIPTIPON* |
| <strTag>.numExtractMissing | Number SNP from the reference that are not present in the input. |

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| *FILE OUTPUTS* | *DESCRIPTION* |
| \*.<strTag>.extracted.txt | File containing the cut-out SNPs. |

----------------------------------------------------------------------

## GETNUM

Get number of SNPs that match a certain criterion. Number of matches will be written to the REPORT variable defined in --strGetNumName.

Please note that the data set itself remains unchanged. This is only to get the number of matches and to write them into the report.

**Inputs:**

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| *PARAMETER* | *DESCRIPTION* |
| --rcdGetNum | R-Code expression to derive the number of SNPs.  Needs to return an array of Boolean values. All TRUE values will be counted. |
| --strGetNumName | Name of the REPORT variable to save the number of matches. |

**Example:**

GETNUM --rcdGetNum abs(BETA)>5

--strGetNumName numSNP\_BETAgt5

**Output:**

The input data-set remains unchanged.

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| *REPORT VARIABLES* | *DESCRIPTIPON* |
| <strGetNumName> | The number of SNPs that meet the defined criterion rcdGetNum. |

# DATA-HANDLING

----------------------------------------------------------------------

## ADDCOL

Add columns to input.

**Input:**

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| *PARAMETER* | *DESCRIPTION* |
| --rcdAddCol | R-Code expression to calculate the added column. Result will be added by cbind() to the input. |
| --colOut | Name of the added column. |
| --blnOverwrite | Boolean value to specify whether existing column should be overwritten.  Optional. Default: 1 (Existing column will be overwritten)  Please use: [0|1]. |

**Example:**

ADDCOL --rcdAddCol pmin(EAF\*N,(1-EAF)\*N,na.rm=TRUE)

--colOut MAC

**Output:**

Column <colOut>, (e.g. ‘MAC’ in the example) will be added to the data-set.

----------------------------------------------------------------------

## ADJUSTALLELES

Adjust allele directions according to reference allele directions.

**Input:**

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| *PARAMETER* | *DESCRIPTION* |
| --colRefStrand | Column name of the reference strand.  Optional. If this is not defined, all reference strand will be set to "+". |
| --colRefA1 | Column name of the reference Allele1. |
| --colRefA2 | Column name of the reference Allele2. |
| --colInStrand | Column name of the input strand. Optional. If this is not defined, all input strand will be set to "+". |
| --colInA1 | Column name of the input Allele1. |
| --colInA2 | Column name of the input Allele2. |
| --colInFreq | Column name of the input allele-frequency. In case the allele direction will be switched in order to match the reference alleles, this column will be adjusted for the respective SNPs: FreqAdjusted=1-Freq. |
| --colInBeta | Column name of the input effect estimate. In case the allele direction will be switched in order to match the reference alleles, this column will be adjusted for the respective SNPs by changing the effect direction: BetaAdjusted= - colInBeta. |
| --blnMetalUseStrand | Boolean value. If set to 1 (TRUE), the alleles will be switched according to metal's option "USESTRAND ON" ([Willer, et al., 2010](#_ENREF_7)). Optional. Default: 0. Please use: [0|1]  Please note that blnMetalUseStrand=0 is not fully identical with the metal option USESTRAND OFF. Please see below a detailed description / comparison of metal’s USESTRAND and EasyStrata’s blnMetalUseStrand option. |
| --blnWriteMismatch | Boolean value to define whether allele mismatches between the input and reference will be written to a separate file in the output path. Mis-match definition: SNPs that carry valid alleles (defined as ‘A’,’C,’G’,’T’,’I’,’D’) but cannot be matched between input and reference: For example if a SNP is coded A/T in the input, and A/G in the reference file. Optional. Default: 1 Please use: [0|1]. |
| --blnRemoveMismatch | Boolean value to define whether allele mismatches between the input and reference will be removed from the input. Optional. Default: 0. Please use: [0|1]. |
| --blnWriteInvalid | Boolean value to define whether SNPs with invalid input allele codes (other ‘A’,’C,’G’,’T’,’I’,’D’) should be written to a separate file in the output path. Optional. Default: 1. Please use: [0|1]. |
| --blnRemoveInvalid | Boolean value to define whether SNPs with invalid input allele codes will be removed from the input. Optional. Default: 0. Please use: [0|1]. |
| --blnWriteRefInvalid | Boolean value to define whether SNPs with invalid reference allele codes (other ‘A’,’C,’G’,’T’,’I’,’D’) should be written to a separate file in the output path. Optional. Default: 0. Please use: [0|1]. |
| --blnRemoveRefInvalid | Boolean value to define whether SNPs with invalid reference allele codes will be removed from the input. Optional. Default: 0. Please use: [0|1]. |
| --strTag | Tag for the function step that will be added to related variables in the REPORT (e.g. number of mismatching SNPs) and to related output (e.g. files written by --blnWriteInvalid 1) to ensure unique and easily recognizable file names and REPORT variable names.  Requested. |
|  |  |
| --fileRef,  --strRefSuffix .ref, --strInSuffix,  --colInMarker, --colRefMarker,  --blnInAll, --blnRefAll,  --blnWriteNotInRef,  --blnWriteNotInIn | Inherited MERGE parameters. See MERGE for a more detailed description.  Parameter values are given if they differ from the default MERGE values. |
|  |  |
| --strMissing , --strSeparator,  --acolIn, --acolInClasses,  --acolNewName | Inherited DEFINE parameters. Can be used for --fileRef. See DEFINE for a more detailed description. |

Inherited parameters can be used with ADJUSTALLELES directly.

In particular, setting --fileRef at ADJUSTALLELES can be helpful if the input does not (yet) contain reference alleles and if reference data needs to be merged from external data (this may replace an extra MERGE step in the ecf-file).

If the input already contains reference alleles, there is no need to use --fileRef or any other inherited parameters.

**Example:**

ADJUSTALLELES --colRefStrand Strand.ref

--colRefA1 A1.ref

--colRefA2 A2.ref

--colInStrand Strand

--colInA1 EffectAllele

--colInA2 OtherAllele

--colInFreq EAF.in

--colInBeta BETA.in

--blnMetalUseStrand 0

--blnWriteMismatch 0

--blnRemoveMismatch 0

--blnWriteInvalid 0

--blnRemoveInvalid 0

--fileRef /path2ref/allelefreqreference.txt

--acolIn SNP;Strand;A1;A2;Freq1

--acolInClasses character;character;character;character;numeric

--colRefMarker SNP

--colInMarker MarkerName

**Output:**

The defined input alleles, frequency and betas will be aligned to the defined reference alleles.

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| *REPORT VARIABLES* | *DESCRIPTIPON* |
| Checked | Number of SNPs that carry valid and non-missing input and reference allele or strand information and thus are being considered for adjustment. |
| StrandChange | Number of SNPs with opposite strand (e.g. + in input and - in reference). |
| AlleleMatch | Number of SNPs with matching alleles, same direction and same strand (e.g. +AC in input and +AC in reference). |
| AlleleChange | Number of SNPs with matching alleles, switched direction and same strand (e.g. +AC in input and +CA in reference). |
| n4AlleleMatch | Number of non-palindromic SNPs with matching alleles, same direction and switched strand (e.g. +AC in input and +TG in reference). |
| n4AlleleChange | Number of non-palindromic SNPs with matching alleles, switched direction and switched strand (e.g. +AC in input and +GT in reference). |
| AlleleMismatch | Number of SNPs with allele missmatch (e.g. +AG in input and +AC in reference). |
| AlleleInMissing | Number of SNPs with missing input allele. |
| AlleleInInvalid | Number of SNPs with invalid input allele (other than A,C,G,T,I,D). |
| StrandInInvalid | Number of SNPs with invalid input strand (other than +,-). |
| AlleleRefMissing | Number of SNPs with missing reference allele. |
| AlleleRefInvalid | Number of SNPs with invalid reference allele (other than A,C,G,T,I,D). |
| StrandRefInvalid | Number of SNPs with invalid reference strand (other than +,-). |
|  |  |
| NotInRef, NotInIn | Inherited MERGE variables. Only present if --fileRef is used. Please see MERGE for a more detailed description. |

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| *FILE OUTPUTS* | *DESCRIPTION* |
| \*.mismatch.txt | If --blnWriteMisMatch 1, a separate file will be written to pathOut that contains all mismatching SNPs. |
| \*. invalid.txt | If --blnWriteInvalid 1, a separate file will be written to pathOut that contains all SNPs with invalid input or reference alleles or strand. |
|  |  |
| \*.notinref.txt, \*.notinin.txt | Inherited MERGE output. Only present if --fileRef is used. Please see MERGE for a more detailed description. |

If --strTag is defined, the <strTag> string value will be pasted to the report variable names and to the output filenames.

**Details of allele adjustment – Metal vs EasyStrata:**

*Meta-analysis software metal, option USESTRAND (*[*Willer, et al., 2010*](#_ENREF_7)*):*

|  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- |
| USESTRAND OFF | *Disregards strand column.* |  |
|  | Study1=AC, Study2=TG: | maps A-T |
|  | Study1=AT, Study2=AT: | maps A, disregards strand (if given) |
| USESTRAND ON | *Uses strand column for palindromic SNPs.* | |
|  | Study1=AC, Study2=TG: | maps A-T (same as before) |
|  | Study1=+AT, Study2=-AT: | changes strand of Study2 to +TA -> maps A-A |

*EasyStrata* option blnMetalUseStrand:

For both options (0/1), the EasyStrata algorithm first sets missing or non-defined Strand to + and changes all ‘-‘ strand to ‘+’ by switching alleles accordingly (A->T; T->A; C->G; G->C).

|  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- |
| --blnMetalUseStrand 0 | *Does NOT match non-palindromic SNPs on wrong strand (+AC vs +TG will become mismatch)* | |
|  | Study1=+AC, Study2=+TG: | mis-match |
|  | Study1=+AT, Study2=+TA: | maps A |
|  | Study1=+AT, Study2=-TA: | Changes strand of Study2 to +AT-> maps A-A |
| --blnMetalUseStrand 1 | *Matches non-palindromic SNPs on wrong strand (+AC and +TG; maps A-T)* | |
|  | Study1=+AC, Study2=+TG: | maps A-T |
|  | Study1=+AT, Study2=-AT: | Changes strand of study 2 to +TA -> maps A-A |

*Summary:*

EasyStrata’s ‘--blnMetalUseStrand 1’ and metal’s ‘USESTRAND ON’ will produce identical results.

EasyStrata’s ‘--blnMetalUseStrand 0’ and metal’s ‘USESTRAND OFF’ differ

* for non-palindromic SNPs with non-matching Strand: Study1=+AC, Study2=+TG: EasyStrata: labels SNP as mismatch (if blnMetalUseStrand 0; matched otherwise)

metal: matches A-T

* for palindromic SNPs with non-matching Strand: Study1=+AT, Study2=-TA:

EasyStrata: Recodes strand of Study2 to +AT and matches A-A

metal: matches A-A while disregarding Strand (which would be wrong if the strand coding is valid)

----------------------------------------------------------------------

## CLEAN

Exclude SNPs from input. Number of exclusion will be written to the REPORT variable defined in --strCleanName.

**Input:**

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| *PARAMETER* | *DESCRIPTION* |
| -- rcdClean | R-Code expression to exclude SNPs.  Needs to return a Boolean array. TRUE values will be removed from the input. |
| -- strCleanName | Name of the REPORT variable to save the number of exclusions. |
| --blnWriteCleaned | Boolean value to define whether SNPs that are removed from the input should be written to a separate file in the output folder.  Optional. Default: 0  Please use: [0|1]. |

**Example:**

CLEAN --rcdClean (P<0 | P>1)

--strCleanName numDropSNP\_invalid\_P

--blnWriteCleaned 0

**Output:**

All SNPs that meet the defined cleaning criterion will be removed from the input and no more be present in the output data set.

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| *REPORT VARIABLES* | *DESCRIPTIPON* |
| <strCleanName> | Number of removed SNPs. |

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| *FILE OUTPUTS* | *DESCRIPTION* |
| \*.<strCleanName>.txt | If --blnWriteCleaned 1, a separate file that contains all removed SNPs. |

----------------------------------------------------------------------

## EDITCOL

Edit columns of the input.

**Input:**

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| *PARAMETER* | *DESCRIPTION* |
| --rcdEditCol | R-Code expression to calculate the new values. Result will be written to column colEdit. It might be useful to use the ifelse statement. |
| --colEdit | Name of the edited column. |

**Example:**

EDITCOL --rcdEditCol ifelse(BETA==-9,NA,BETA)

--colEdit BETA

In the example, all -9 values in column BETA will be replaced with NA.

**Output:**

Column <colEdit> will be updated with edited values.

----------------------------------------------------------------------

## FILTER

Filter SNPs from input. Number of inclusion will be written to the REPORT variable defined in --strFilterName.

**Input:**

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| *PARAMETER* | *DESCRIPTION* |
| --rcdFilter | R-Code expression to include SNPs.  Needs to return an array of Boolean values. TRUE value rows will be included (pass the filter). |
| --strFilterName | Name of the REPORT variable to save the number of inclusions. |

**Example:**

FILTER --rcdFilter MAC>=3

--strFilterName numSNP\_MACget3

**Output:**

The output data set will only contain SNPs that pass the defined filter criterion.

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| *REPORT VARIABLES* | *DESCRIPTIPON* |
| <strFilterName> | Number of SNPs that pass the filter. |

----------------------------------------------------------------------

## GETCOLS

Extract columns. This removes all columns from the input that are not stated at --acolOut.

**Input:**

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| *PARAMETER* | *DESCRIPTION* |
| -- acolOut | Array of extracted columns. The data set will be reduced to the here stated columns.  Please use: Column names separated by ‘;’. |

**Example:**

GETCOLS --acolOut MarkerName;P

**Output:**

The output data set will only contain columns defined at <acolOut>. All other columns will be removed.

----------------------------------------------------------------------

## MERGE

Merge reference data (e.g. annotation data like chromosome and position) to each of the input data-sets.

**Input:**

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| *PARAMETER* | *DESCRIPTION* |
| --colInMarker | SNP column name of the input. Will be used for merging. |
| --fileRef | Path to the reference data set that will be added. |
| --colRefMarker | SNP column name of the reference. Will be used for merging. |
| --strInSuffix | Suffix that will be added to all input columns except to colInMarker.  Optional. By default ‘.x’ will be used for overlapping columns. |
| --strRefSuffix | Suffix that will be added to all reference columns except to colRefMarker.  Optional. By default ‘.y’ will be used for overlapping columns. |
| --blnInAll | Boolean value to define left inner/outer join. If set to 1 (TRUE), all SNPs from the input will be present in the merged data-set. If set to 0 (FALSE), only SNPs from the input will be present in the merged data-set that are also present in the reference.Optional. Default: 1. Please use: [0|1]. |
| -- blnRefAll | Boolean value to define right inner/outer join. If set to 1 (TRUE), all SNPs from the reference will be present in the merged data-set. If set to 0 (FALSE), only SNPs from the reference will be present in the merged data-set that are also present in the input.Optional. Default: 0. Please use: [0|1]. |
| --strTag | Tag for the function step that will be added to related variables in the REPORT (e.g. number of SNPs Not in Ref) and to related output (e.g. files written by --blnWriteNotInRef 1) to ensure unique and easily recognizable file names and REPORT variable names. |
| --blnWriteNotInRef | Boolean value to define whether SNPs from the input that are missed in the reference will be written to a separate file in the output path. Optional. Default: 0. Please use: [0|1]. |
| -- blnWriteNotInIn | Boolean value to define whether SNPs from the reference that are missed in the input will be written to a separate file in the output path. Optional. Default: 0. Please use: [0|1]. |
|  |  |
| --strMissing , --strSeparator,  --acolIn, --acolInClasses,  --acolNewName | Inherited DEFINE parameters. Can be used for --fileRef. See DEFINE for a more detailed description. |

**Example:**

MERGE --colInMarker MarkerName

--fileRef /test/referencefile.txt

--strMissing NA --strSep SPACE

--colRefMarker rsID

--strInSuffix .in

--strRefSuffix .ref

--blnInAll 1

--blnRefAll 0

--blnWriteNotInRef 0

--blnWriteNotInIn 0

--strTag REF

**Output:**

The merged data set.

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| *REPORT VARIABLES* | *DESCRIPTIPON* |
| NotInRef | Number SNP from the input that are not available in fileRef. |
| NotInIn | Number SNP from fileRef that are not available in fileIn. |

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| *FILE OUTPUTS* | *DESCRIPTION* |
| \*.notinref.txt | If --blnWriteNotInRef 1, a separate file with SNPs from the input that are not available in fileRef. |
| \*.notinin.txt | If --blnWriteNotInIn 1, a separate file with SNPs from fileRef that are not available in input. |

----------------------------------------------------------------------

## MERGEEASYIN

Merges all defined input files. The defined <fileInTag> (see EASYIN command) will be added to the column names.

**Input:**

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| *PARAMETER* | *DESCRIPTION* |
| -- colInMarker | SNP column name of the input. Will be used for merging. |
| -- blnMergeAll | Boolean value to define inner/outer join. If set to 1 (TRUE), all SNPs from all input files will be present in the merged data-set. If set to 0 (FALSE), only intersecting SNPs from the input files will be present in the merged data-set.  Optional. Default: 1  Please use: [0|1]. |

**Example:**

MERGEEASYIN --colInMarker MarkerName

--blnMergeAll 0

**Output:**

The merged data set.

----------------------------------------------------------------------

## REMOVECOL

Remove column.

**Input:**

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| *PARAMETER* | *DESCRIPTION* |
| --colRemove | Column that is supposed to be removed from the data set. |

**Example:**

REMOVECOL --colRemove P

**Output:**

The output data set will no more contain <colRemove>.

----------------------------------------------------------------------

## RENAMECOL

Rename column.

**Input:**

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| *PARAMETER* | *DESCRIPTION* |
| --colInRename | Old column name. If the specified colInRename is not available in the input, no action. |
| --colOutRename | New column name. If the specified colOutRename already exists in the data set, the suffix ".old" will be added to the existing column. |

**Example:**

RENAMECOL --colInRename Marker

--colOutRename SNP

**Output:**

Column <colInRename> will be labelled <colOutRename> in the output data set.

----------------------------------------------------------------------

## STRSPLITCOL

Splits each column entry according to a defined character string and creates a new column containing only the i th result of the string spit.

**Input:**

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| *PARAMETER* | *DESCRIPTION* |
| --colSplit | Column for which the string splitting will be performed. |
| --strSplit | Character string according to which, each entry of colSplit will be splited (compare R-function strsplit). |
| --numSplitIdx | Integer value to specify which part of each output should be taken forward to the new array. |
| --colOut | Name of the new output column. |

Say column colSplit equals array c(“chr1\_111”, “chr2\_222”):

* With “--strSplit \_“ and “--numSplitIdx 1”, the new column c(“chr1”,”chr2”) will be created
* With “--strSplit \_“ and “--numSplitIdx 2”, the new column c(“111”,”222”) will be created

**Example:**

STRSPLITCOL --colSplit ChrPosId

--strSplit \_

--numSplitIdx 1

--colOut Chromosome

**Output:**

The output data set will contain a new column <colOut> that carries the extracted information.

----------------------------------------------------------------------

## WRITE

Write data set. Output will be named /pathOut/[strWritePrefix]fileInShortName[strWriteSuffix].[txt|gz]

**Input:**

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| *PARAMETER* | *DESCRIPTION* |
| -- strMode | Mode to write the current data set. Either as plain text- or as compressed gzipped-file.  Optional. Default: txt  Please use: [txt|gz] |
| -- strPrefix | Set file prefix.  Optional. Default: '' |
| -- strSuffix | Set file suffix.  Optional. Default: '' |
| -- strSep | Set file separator.  Optional. Default: TAB  Please use: [TAB,SPACE,COMMA] |
| -- strMissing | Set missing character. Default: NA.  Optional. Default: NA |

**Example:**

WRITE --strMode txt

--strPrefix CLEANED.

--strSuffix .TW

--strSep TAB

--strMissing .

**Output:**

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| *REPORT VARIABLES* | *DESCRIPTIPON* |
| numSNPsOut | Number of SNPs in the last written file. |

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| *FILE OUTPUTS* | *DESCRIPTION* |
| strPrefix.\*<fileIn>\*.strSuffix.[gz|txt] | Output file. |

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