Package 'CompExpDes'

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Type Package
Title Computer Experiment Designs
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Description In computer experiments space-filling designs are having great impact. Most popularly used space-filling designs are Uniform designs (UDs), Latin hypercube designs (LHDs) etc. For further references one can see Mckay (1979) <doi:10.1080 00401706.1979.10489755=""> and Fang (1980) https://cir.nii.ac.jp/crid/1570291225616774784>. In this package, we have provided algorithms for generate efficient LHDs and UDs. Here, generated LHDs are efficient as they possess lower value of Maxpro measure, Phi_p value and Maximum Absolute Correlation (MAC) value. On the other hand, the produced UDs are having good space-filling property as they attained the lower bound of Discrete Discrepancy measure.</doi:10.1080>
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Discrete_Discrepancy

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Discrete_Discrepancy Measure of Discrete Discrepancy

Description

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Discrete Discrepancy is a measure of uniformity for any uniform design. Lesser the value of Discrete Discrepancy measure, better is the uniform design.

Usage

Discrete_Discrepancy(Design,a,b)

Arguments

Design	A matrix
a	Any value a>b>0
b	Any value a>b>0

Value

The function calculates the value of Discrete Discrepancy measure and its lower bound for a given design.

Author(s)

Ashutosh Dalal, Cini Varghese, Rajender Parsad and Mohd Harun

References

Qin H, Fang KT (2004)<DOI:10.1007/s001840300296> Discrete discrepancy in factorial designs. Metrika, 60, 59-72.

```
library(CompExpDes)  
lhd1<-matrix(c(1,5,7,3,4,2,6,2,1,4,5,3,7,6,4,5,6,1,2,3,7),nrow=7,ncol=3,byrow=FALSE)  
lhd2<-cbind(lhd1[,3],lhd1[,2],lhd1[,1])  
lhd<-rbind(lhd1,lhd2)  
Discrete_Discrepancy(lhd, 1, \emptyset.5)
```

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MAC

Maximum Absolute Correlation

Description

Maximum Absolute Correlation (MAC) is the maximum absolute value rather than 1 of a correlation matrix.

Usage

```
MAC(matrix)
```

Arguments

matrix

Input a matrix

Value

It returns a maximum absolute value of the correlation matrix for a given matrix.

Author(s)

Ashutosh Dalal, Cini Varghese, Rajender Parsad and Mohd Harun

Examples

```
library(CompExpDes)  
lhd<-matrix(c(1,5,7,3,4,2,6,2,1,4,5,3,7,6,4,5,6,1,2,3,7),nrow=7,ncol=3,byrow=FALSE)  
MAC(lhd)
```

MaxproLHD_1

Maxpro Latin Hypercube Designs (LHDs) for Prime Numbers

Description

For a prime number s (>2), this method will generate an optimal maxpro LHD with runs $v = s^2$. Maxpro criterion measure, Phi_p measure also provided as a measure of space-filling and orthogonality measure maximum absolute correlation value also provided.

Usage

```
MaxproLHD_1(prime_number)
```

Arguments

4 MaxproLHD_2

Value

This function will provide a series of optimal LHDs along with space-filling and orthogonality measures for a prime numbers.

Author(s)

Ashutosh Dalal, Cini Varghese, Rajender Parsad and Mohd Harun

References

McKay, M.D., Beckman, R.J. and Conover, W.J. (1979). Comparison of three methods for selecting values of input variables in the analysis of output from a computer code. Technometrics, 21(2), 239-245.

Examples

```
library(CompExpDes)
MaxproLHD_1(5)
```

MaxproLHD_2

Maxpro Latin Hypercube Designs (LHDs) for odd numbers

Description

For an odd number s, this method will generate 3 Maxpro-LHDs with runs v = s(s-1)/2. Maxpro criterion measure, Phi_p measure also provided as a measure of space-filling and orthogonality measure maximum absolute correlation value also provided.

Usage

MaxproLHD_2(s)

Arguments

S

An odd number (s > = 5)

Value

This function will provide a series of 3 Maxpro-LHDs along with space-filling and orthogonality measures for an odd numbers.

Author(s)

Ashutosh Dalal, Cini Varghese, Rajender Parsad and Mohd Harun

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References

McKay, M.D., Beckman, R.J. and Conover, W.J. (1979). Comparison of three methods for selecting values of input variables in the analysis of output from a computer code. Technometrics, 21(2), 239-245.

Examples

```
library(CompExpDes)
MaxproLHD_2(7)
```

Maxpro_Measure

Measure of Maxpro criterion

Description

Based upon a provided design, this function generates the value of maxpro criterion. Lesser the value of it better the design is (if design is not scaled in $[0,1]^{4}$).

Usage

Maxpro_Measure(Design)

Arguments

Design

Provide a design in matrix format

Value

Provides Maxpro criterion value

Author(s)

Ashutosh Dalal, Cini Varghese, Rajender Parsad and Mohd Harun

References

Joseph, V.R., Gul, E. and Ba, S. (2015). Maximum projection designs for computer experiments. Biometrika, 102 (2), 371-380.

```
library(CompExpDes)
lhd<-matrix(c(1,5,7,3,4,2,6,2,1,4,5,3,7,6,4,5,6,1,2,3,7),nrow=7,ncol=3,byrow=FALSE)
Maxpro_Measure(lhd)
```

6 PhipMeasure

PhipMeasure	Phi_p criterion	

Description

For a given design Phi_p criterion is calculated. It is based on Morris and Mitchell (1995). When the designs are not in [0,1]^d form, lesser the value of Phi_p criterion better it is.

Usage

```
PhipMeasure(design,p=15,q=2)
```

Arguments

design	A design matrix is needed
р	Any positive integer. Default value of $p = 15$.
q	Any positive integer. Default value of $q = 2$. This implies that we are considering here Euclidean distance.

Value

Generates Phi_p criterion value

Author(s)

Ashutosh Dalal, Cini Varghese, Rajender Parsad and Mohd Harun

References

Morris, M.D. and Mitchell, T.J. (1995). Exploratory designs for computer experiments. Journal of Statistical Planning and Inference, 43, 38-402.

```
library(CompExpDes)  
lhd<-matrix(c(1,5,7,3,4,2,6,2,1,4,5,3,7,6,4,5,6,1,2,3,7),nrow=7,ncol=3,byrow=FALSE)  
PhipMeasure(lhd,p=15,q=2)
```

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UDesigns_1

Orthogonal Uniform Designs with two factors

Description

For v = pq (p>2,q>=2 and v>=6) these uniform designs are generated. This function provides designs based on two types. It also provides number of factors, number of levels, number of runs along with maximum absolute correlation value and discrete discrepancy measure with its lower bound value.

Usage

```
UDesigns_1(p, q, type)
```

Arguments

p any integer >2 q any integer >=2 type 1 or 2

Details

Type 1 or type 2 both can be exist for a same parameter range. For type 1 it will require more runs than designs generated by type 2. But type 1 provides designs which are having more spread than type 2 series designs.

Value

Returns a uniform designs along with number of factors, levels, runs, maximum absolute value and discrete discrepancy measure with its lower bound value.

Author(s)

Ashutosh Dalal, Cini Varghese, Rajender Parsad and Mohd Harun

References

Fang, K.T. (1980). The uniform design: application of number-theoretic methods in experimental design. Acta Math Appl Sin, 3, 363-372.

```
library(CompExpDes)
UDesigns_1(4,3,1)
```

8 UDesigns_2

 ${\tt UDesigns_2}$

Uniform Designs with multiple factors

Description

For v = n(n-1)/2, where n > 5 is any odd number. These are uniform designs in terms of discrete discrepancy. It also provides number of factors, number of levels and number of runs and discrete discrepancy measure with its lower bound value.

Usage

```
UDesigns_2(n)
```

Arguments

n

any odd integer >=5

Value

Returns a series of high dimensional uniform designs along with number of factors, levels, runs and discrete discrepancy measure with its lower bound value.

Author(s)

Ashutosh Dalal, Cini Varghese, Rajender Parsad and Mohd Harun

References

Fang, K.T. (1980). The uniform design: application of number-theoretic methods in experimental design. Acta Math Appl Sin, 3, 363-372.

```
library(CompExpDes)
UDesigns_2(5)
```

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