# Package 'urlparse'

January 13, 2025

January 13, 2023
Type Package
Title Fast Simple URL Parser
Version 0.1.0
<b>Description</b> A fast and simple 'URL' parser package for 'R'. This package provides functions to parse 'URLs' into their components, such as scheme, user, password, host, port, path, query, and fragment.
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<pre>URL https://github.com/dyfanjones/urlparse,</pre>
https://dyfanjones.r-universe.dev/urlparse
BugReports https://github.com/dyfanjones/urlparse/issues
Encoding UTF-8
LinkingTo Rcpp
Imports Rcpp
RoxygenNote 7.3.2
Suggests testthat (>= 3.0.0)
Config/testthat/edition 3
NeedsCompilation yes
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Repository CRAN
<b>Date/Publication</b> 2025-01-13 17:30:02 UTC
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2 encoding

encoding

Escape characters for use in URLs.

## Description

This function encodes a character vector for use in URLs, escaping all special characters except for those specified in the safe parameter.

## Usage

```
url_encoder(urls, safe = "")
url_decoder(urls)
```

## **Arguments**

urls A character vector to be encoded/decoded.

safe A character vector of extra characters that should not be encoded.

## Value

A character vector with the encoded URLs.

## **Examples**

```
library(urlparse)
# Example 1:
url_encoder("foo = bar + 5")
# Example 2:
# prevent special characters being encoded:
url <- "https://example.com/path?query= 1+2"
url_encoder(url, ":/?=")
# Example 3:
url_decoder(url_encoder("foo = bar + 5"))</pre>
```

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url\_build

Builds a URL string from its components.

### **Description**

Builds a URL string from its components.

## Usage

```
url_build(url_components)
```

## **Arguments**

url\_components A list containing the components of the URL: scheme, host, port, path, query, and fragment.

- **scheme** A character string for the new scheme (e.g., "http" or "https") or NULL to keep it unchanged.
- host A character string for the new host or NULL to keep it unchanged.
- port A character string for the new port or NULL to keep it unchanged.
- path A character string for the new path or NULL to keep it unchanged.
- query A list or character of new query parameters or NULL to keep it unchanged.
- **fragment** A character string for the new fragment or NULL to keep it unchanged.

### Value

A URL string constructed from the provided components

## **Examples**

```
library(urlparse)
url_build(list(
    scheme = "https",
    user = "",
    password = "",
    host = "host.com",
    port = 8000,
    path = "/path",
    query = "query",
    fragment = "fragment"
))
```

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url\_modify

Modifies a URL string by updating its components.

## **Description**

This function modifies a URL string by updating its components such as scheme, user, password, host, port, query, raw query, and fragment. If any of these components are not provided (i.e., NULL), the existing components of the URL are retained.

## Usage

```
url_modify(
  url,
  scheme = NULL,
  user = NULL,
  password = NULL,
  host = NULL,
  port = NULL,
  path = NULL,
  query = NULL,
  fragment = NULL
)
set_scheme(url, scheme)
set_user(url, user)
set_password(url, password)
set_host(url, host)
set_port(url, port)
set_path(url, path)
set_query(url, query)
set_fragment(url, fragment)
```

## **Arguments**

url A character string representing the original URL.

scheme A character string for the new scheme (e.g., "http" or "https") or NULL to keep it

unchanged.

user A character string for the username or NULL to keep it unchanged.

password A character string for the new password or NULL to keep it unchanged.

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host	A character string for the new host or NULL to keep it unchanged.
port	A character string for the new port or NULL to keep it unchanged.
path	A character string for the new path or NULL to keep it unchanged.
query	A list or character of new query parameters or NULL to keep it unchanged.
fragment	A character string for the new fragment or NULL to keep it unchanged.

## Value

A character string representing the modified URL.

## **Examples**

```
library(urlparse)

# Example 1: Modify the scheme and host of a URL
url_modify(
   "https://user:pass@host.com/path?query#fragment",
   scheme = "http",
   host = "example.com"
)

# Example 2: Add a query parameter to a URL
url_modify(
   "https://host.com/path", query = list(key1 = "value1", key2 = "value2")
)

# Example 3: Change the fragment of a URL
url_modify("https://host.com/path#old_fragment", fragment = "new_fragment")
```

url\_parse

Parses a URL string into its components.

## Description

Parses a URL string into its components.

## Usage

```
url_parse(url)
```

## **Arguments**

url

The URL string to parse.

#### Value

A list containing the components of the URL: scheme, user, password, host, path, raw\_path, query, raw\_query, and fragment.

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## Examples

```
library(urlparse)
url_parse("https://host.com/path?query#fragment")
```

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